

An ICTSI Group Company

OPERATION PROCEDURES FOR



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1. INTRODUCTION

Adriatic Gate Container Terminal (AGCT) provides marine container terminal services related primarily to container yard activities but also provides CFS depot and auxiliary services. All services are related to containers and cargo transported in containers, such as:

- Container loading and discharging from vessel
- Container receipt and delivery from trucks
- Container receipt and delivery from rail
- Container stripping and stuffing
- Container washing
- Fumigation
- Damage detection and small repairs
- Assistance during customs inspection, sealing
- Cargo warehousing

This document describes operations processes implemented on AGCT which contributes to our goal to give our customer best possible service in most efficient and optimal manner. All cargo and vessel processing is done through Terminal Operating System (TOS) NAVIS implemented on 29.01.2012. It also includes internal processes as well as interaction processes with 3rd parties needed in order to provide smooth and clear container flow through terminal. Main interaction parties are the shipping lines (local agents and vessel planners), freight forwarders and rail operators/dispatchers.

The document provides insight into the organizational structure of the operations department and their responsibilities, and serves as a reference for all relevant procedures and operations performed by AGCT. Many processes are related and interdependent, which always promotes high level of communication and coordination, where all key processes are run or controlled by the personnel of the Operations Center (OC).

This manual is a document that is constantly updating and it is scheduled to be updated and checked regularly in order to contain the actual processes that are performed on the AGCT.

Opera	ations	Mana	ger, O	gnjen	Ružić



2. AGCT APPLICATIONS

AGCT provides the client use of some of the tools depending on whether it is a shipping line or a freight forwarder. After the contract is signed between AGCT and the customer, commercial department in coopeation with IT department provides the client with access data.



Navis N4 - shipping line app



Online kreiranje naloga – app for freight forwarders and shipping lines



Rail app (web order) – app for rail operators

If any change is needed, whether it is adding a new user, or deleting existing ones, the request is sent to the email address: jasmina.lincic@ictsi.hr



3. VESSEL OPERATIONS

3.1. INTRODUCTION INBOUND VESSEL PROCESS & STOWAGE

AGCT OC is required to coordinate vessel arrivals with the Container Ship Owner (CSO). In addition to establishing a schedule and a berth for the arriving vessel, AGCT OC and the CSO need to understand the current vessel configuration to prepare for the exchange of containers related to that vessel. To reach that objective, both AGCT OC and the CSO must know the number and locations of containers on the vessel, the number, size, type and locations of containers to be offloaded and the number, size, type, port of discharge and weight of containers arriving at AGCT by truck or rail to be loaded on the vessel.

The key to the process is the Navis N4/Sparcs software program. The Inbound Vessel process describes how the vessel and voyage initiate the file in Navis and how the different parties acquire and input information into Navis as preparation for the vessel's arrival.

3.2. INBOUND VESSEL PROCESS - ARRIVAL

Purpose

The process presented defines the method ICTSI AGCT will use to prepare for an arriving vessel at AGCT.

Procedure

The CSO initiates the process by notifying the AGCT OC of an approaching vessel via Vessel Schedule information or an ETA. Normally, vessels operated by liner services follow the same schedules on their routes allowing the AGCT OC to estimate arrivals months in advance.

Adriatic C Container To An ICTS Group Company	Sate erminal		VESSEL ANNOUNCEMENT						
VESSEL NAME	CONTAINERS SHIP OWNER	LINES	INBOUND VOYAGE	OUTBOUND VOYAGE	VESSEL TRANSIT LINES	ETA			
ROTATION									
ROTATION									
ROTATION				l					

Form for vessel announcement



The CSO then provides an Dicharge file as a BAPLIE file via e-mail as input into Navis. The VP integrates the BAPLIE file into the Navis, which will then show discharge plan information in Sparcs. 24 hours prior to vessel arrival, the CSO will send an Export Pre-Stow Plan to the VP identifying the containers to be loaded on the vessel, their location on the vessel broken down by bay, size and port of discharge. With both the vessel Dicharge File and the Export Pre-Stow Plan in hand; the VP begins the stowage process for the vessel.

VP sets the so called late gate time in Navis to 24 hours which means that 24 hours before the deadline all containers nominated for that specific vessel has to be on AGCT, if container arrives later then 8 hours of the late gate period AGCT will induce shut out charge.

Inbound vessel

The CSO has responsibility to advise AGCT of its vessel arrival. Advice must be in weekly base (Estimated Time of Arrival, information about volume or other specific information about vessel visit 3 weeks before vessel arrival), and daily base(should be coordinated in advance of 48, 24, 8 hours before estimated time of arrival).

At least one week before arrival of a new vessel, the Line or Agent should provide AGCT with following information:

- Vessel name
- Radio call sign
- Lloyds Registry Number
- Line codes and service code
- Vessel description details and schematic profile
- Lashing plan
- Discharging / Loading stowage guidelines
- Complete Bay plan

Vessel planner will use this information to create the vessel profile in the Navis Ship Editor.

3.2.1. IMPORT – FINAL DISCHARGE PLAN (EDI BAPLIE)

AGCT requires a complete and final EDI Baplie message sent by the trading partner no later than 8 hours before vessel arrival or as soon the vessel leaves the previous port. Final dicharge plan must be in standard baplie message with all container ID and correct data so our vessel planners can determine the best unloading/loading program of a vessel. AGCT also requires preload from port before Rijeka so that vessel planner can check availability of containers on board planed for discharge in Port of Rijeka.

The Final Import Bay Plan should contain:

- Detail of the position of each container aboard the vessel
- Details of uncontainerized cargo stowed in each section of the vessel
- Container prefix and number
- Container length, width, height, and type or ISO code



- Port of Loading
- Hazards / IMDG codes
- Temperature settings
- OOG information
- Vessel name, voyage number

AGCT vessel planner will also need document that contains the Dangerous Cargo List, Reefer List, Transshipment List, Special Container List, Restow Containers and other containers that are requiring special handling.

3.2.2. EXPORT - COPRAR AND MOVINS FILE

Regarding vessel planning CSO should provide preload plan 48 hours before vessel arrival. 8 hours before vessel arrival all containers nominated for that specific vessel should be in the terminal. After container is received on the terminal all changes requested by the shipping line whether they are vessel renomination, voyage change, discharge port changes are going to be charged as RENOMINATION FEE.

CSO main planner will provide Movins file to AGCT vessel planners 8 hours and COPRAR file at least 6 hours before vessel arrival so that AGCT vessel planners, after evaluating the final Load list and the final stowage instructions will perform the detailed planning of each container in the Navis Sparcs N4 system and submit the preload plan to CSO and vessel agent before the loading starts.

Estimated time of completion

Vessel planner will inform CSO and vessel agent about ETC before the vessel operation starts.

Customer information

All Shipping Lines and Agents should supply the following information to form the Basic Data in AGCT Navis N4 system:

- Partners
- Local Agent
- Port of rotation / Line service
- Place codes in UN locations

Shipping lines or Agents who wish to exchange information electronically (Baplie, COARRI, CODECO...) should contact AGCT Operations Center in order to establish necessary procedures.

FINAL LOAD LISTS

The pupose of the loading list is to obtain additional informations that the terminal has to have, and it is considered as the final document by which the loading plan is made.



Important informations are: (Number of containers - "Container Nbr." Seal number - "Seal Nbr." Gross weight - "Gross weight", description of goods - "Cargo description" ...).

Br	ShippingLine	ContainerNbr	Туре	reightKind	Category	SealNbr	SealOwner	GrossWeight	PckNbr	CargoDesc	POD	VesselName	CallSign	VoyageNo
1	DEL	MAGU5339706	45G1	FCL	EXPRT	D7481690	CA	18250,000	2	STEEL CONSTRUCTIONS	MTMLA	XIN TIAN JIN	BPAQ	032BEE
2	DEL	ECMU9558156	45G1	FCL	EXPRT	D8794284	CA	20520,000	2	STEEL CONSTRUCTIONS	MTMLA	XIN TIAN JIN	BPAQ	032BEE
3	DEL	GESU5334957	45G1	FCL	EXPRT	D7481687	CA	21000,000	1	BUILDING MATERIAL	MTMLA	XIN TIAN JIN	BPAQ	032BEE
4	DEL	CMAU4663346	45G1	FCL	EXPRT	D7481686	CA	20100,000	1	STEEL CONSTRUCTIONS	MTMLA	XIN TIAN JIN	BPAQ	032BEE

Load list format example

3.3. VESSEL STOWAGE -LOAD PLANS

Load disposition is created and verified by the shipping agent before vessel's arrival (soon as final load plan is received and load list is pulled through the system).

At the request of customs duties by the end of the vessel operations , the agent is required to enter K-417 under the column "Finish" in the application AGCT online kreiranje naloga in the shortest possible time.



Example of the form for entering K417/K447 and locking vessels disposition

Before the start of vessel operations, vessel operations coordinator delivers the the forms for load confirmation and statement that the vesel is safe to undergo operations, as well as the form for recording container damage during discharge.



OPERATION PROCEDURES FOR **CLIENTS**

STATEMENT

Hereby we confirm that we agree with the load	din	g D				
plan for the vessel						
We confirm that our vessel is ready and safe for cargo operation in every aspect.)					
If vessel is equipped with deck cranes the same should be so on seaside of the vessel until the end of cargo operations.						
In case vessel is utilising maximum permitted draft at any moment of berthing, vessel must be afloat with minimum UKC of 0,5 meters and maximum list of 0,5° (0,5 degree) at all times in order to maintain sailf list goes above 0,5° vessel needs to advise terminal immediately to operations.	d fe b	erth.				
STATEMENT FOR VESSEL LASHING GEAR CONDITION						
STATEMENT FOR VESSEL LASHING GEAR CONDITION	WEE	110				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION	YES	NO				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION						
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS	0	0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY	0	0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY -GEAR BOX-TWIST LOCKS IN GOOD CONDITION	0 0 0 0	0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY -GEAR BOX-TWIST LOCKS IN GOOD CONDITION -SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF TWISTLOCKS FOR CONTAINERS TO BE LOADED		0 0 0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY -GEAR BOX-TWIST LOCKS IN GOOD CONDITION -SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF TWISTLOCKS FOR CONTAINERS TO BE LOADED -HATCH COVER SAFETY PIN'S WILL BE REMOWED BY VESSEL CREW BEFORE OPENING HATCH COVER -VESSEL CREW SHOULD ENSURE A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING GEAR AND TWISTLOCKS (1)	ON CK	0 0 0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY -GEAR BOX-TWIST LOCKS IN GOOD CONDITION -SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF TWISTLOCKS FOR CONTAINERS TO BE LOADED -HATCH COVER SAFETY PIN'S WILL BE REMOWED BY VESSEL CREW BEFORE OPENING HATCH COVEING (Defore start loading operations). -AFTER COMPLETING LOADING CONTAINERS ON EACH BAY, THE VESSEL CREW SHOULD CHE LASHED CONTAINERS AND REACT IMMEDIATELLY OR CONFIRM THAT CONTAINERS ARE LASH PROPERLY. RESPONSIBLE PERSON ON TERMINAL FOR LASHING IS FOREMAN-SUPERVISOR WHICH LOCATED ON SHORE NEAR GANTRY CRANE WHICH YOU CAN CONTACT ALL TIME DURING CARC	ON CK	0 0 0				
-LASHING BARS IN A GOOD CONDITION -A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING BARS TO COMPLETE LASHING ON HRRIK WORKABLE BAYS -LASHING BARS ARE LOCATED AT HRRIK WORKING BAY -GEAR BOX-TWIST LOCKS IN GOOD CONDITION -SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF TWISTLOCKS FOR CONTAINERS TO BE LOADED -HATCH COVER SAFETY PIN'S WILL BE REMOWED BY VESSEL CREW BEFORE OPENING HATCH COVER -VESSEL CREW SHOULD ENSURE A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF LASHING GEAR AND TWISTLOCKS OF TIME (before start loading operations). -AFTER COMPLETING LOADING CONTAINERS ON EACH BAY, THE VESSEL CREW SHOULD CHE LASHED CONTAINERS AND REACT IMMEDIATELLY OR CONFIRM THAT CONTAINERS ARE LASH PROPERLY. RESPONSIBLE PERSON ON TERMINAL FOR LASHING IS FOREMAN-SUPERVISOR WHICH LOCATED ON SHORE NEAR GANTRY CRANE WHICH YOU CAN CONTACT ALL TIME DURING CARGO	ON CCK	0 0 0				

C/O REMARK IF ANY



POSVJEDOČENJE RADA NA BRODU

Procedure

When the vessel is completed, the final plan with all the information about loading plan is sent to the first officer of the vessel or ship agent. Final Export Plan represents a new configuration of ship cargo hold by the aget planner.

Adriatic Gate

	Contai	ner Terminal	vessel performed serv	ices cert	ifica
	An ICTSI Group	Company			
	DATUM/date :		VHIJEME POČETKA RADA NA BROOU time of commencement of vessel operations		
E	BROD/vessel name :		VRUEINE ZAVRŠETKA RADA NA BRODU Sine of completion of vessel operations		
			IZVRŠIO SLUEDEĆE USLUGE KOD OPERACUA PREE ted following services during aperations of subjec		Α.
	OP	IS USLUGE / service d	escription	KOLIČINA quantity	MJER unit
1	ISKRCAJ I UKI		KOMAC pieces		
2	ISKRCAJ_UK	RCAJ "TWISTLOCK" KOŠARA / disc	harge_load of gearboxes		KOMAD pieces
3		ISTLOCKA / removal and setting of	f twistlocks /ODRICAVANJE I ZARICAVANJE g of containers		KONT
4			KONT		
5			KONT		
6	STAVLIANJE PLOMBE NA		KONT		
7	VAI	NGABARITNI KONTEJNERI / out of p	gauge containers		KON1
8		KORIŠTENJE LANACA / use o	f chains		KON1 cnt
9	BRE	AK BULK MANIPULACUE / break be	ulk manipulations		KOMAI pieces
10	ZASTOJI UZRO	OKOVANI OD STRANE BRODA / idle	time caused by vessel side		MINUT
			nalozima broda, te su cjelokupna brodska oprema SBISTI W vessei oraers aswen as av vessei geor ana		ani/ukr
251	nereby corgirmed that an mentioned	services are aone in proper manner acco	araing to vessel orders aswell as all vessel gear and	containers are	
	ZA ADRIATIC GATE	CONTAINER TERMINAL	-		-
	ZA K	ORISNIKA			
		Manadins	- L'		
		Vessel inform	ation form		

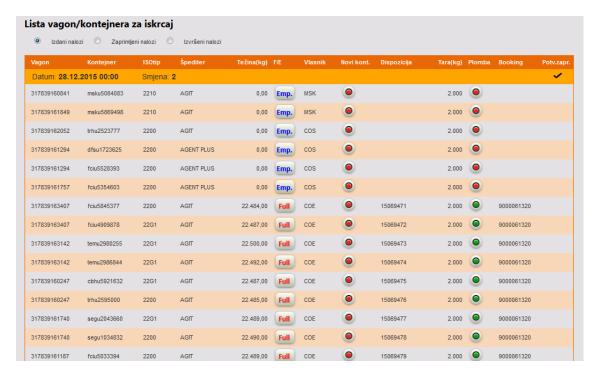
4. RAIL

Railway operations can be divided into loading containers onto wagons and discharging containers from wagons.



4.1. DISCHARGE

- The rail operator sends the planned discharge quantities of containers by e-mail a day in advance
- Before the train arrives, it is necessary to pre-advise the containers for discharging via the rail application (work instructions are sent in the rail application to the client as well as the necessary passwords).



Web order example (web app)

4.2. LOADING

When loading containers onto wagons 24 hours notice from the rail operator is needed in order to plan required equipment and manpower.

Through the rail application, the rail operator inserts containers for loading on a specific train (work instructions are sent in the rail application to the client as well as the necessary passwords). Just before loading, he sends an excel spreadheet via email containing the following:

- Container ID
- TYPE of container
- Loading track
- Position of the wagon on the composition
- Door direction



Booking / EDO in case of empty containers

Examples of excel sheet for loading:

PUNI		BROJ KONTEJNERA	VELIČINA	KOLOSIJEK	VAGON	VRATA
	1	MRKU9905122	20	2	1	VRATA PREMA VAN
	2	MSKU1138638	40	2	1	VRATA PREMA VAN
	3	MRKU9454332	20	2	2	VRATA PREMA VAN

PRAZNI	BOOKING / EDO	BRODAR	VEL I TIP	KONT.	KOLOSIJEK	VAGON	VRATA
1	MSC0421	MSC	40HC	MSDU8134583	2	12	NIJE BITNO
2	MSC0421	MSC	40HC	TCNU9320762	2	13	NIJE BITNO
3	MSC0421	MSC	40HC	MSMU7358902	1	3	NIJE BITNO

If certain problems appears during the operations of discharge or loading containers like: damaged containers for loading without possibility of loading, damaged rail cars, HOLD on containers for loading, booking number for empty conteiners not created or incorrect, shortage of food containers for loading (...), please call the operation center.

5. GATE OPERATIONS

Containers arrive and depart from the terminal, among others, on road trucks. The processing of these trucks is handled at the gate and each truck visit is done in collaboration between the N4 system and the XPS. AGCT (Adriatic Gate Container Terminal) is using a two gate stages with gate clerks at both the ingate and the outgate.

5.1. TERMINAL ACCESS CONTROL

All access to and from the terminal is controlled by police, customs and security service prior to arrival at the AGCT gate. All visitors are required to have a valid and proper documents if they want to enter the terminal. Truck drivers wishing to be granted access to the terminal to pick up or deliver containers must present required documents.

5.1.1. DAILY TRUCK PERMITS

Taking into account the flow of trucks at the entrance and in order to reduce the possibility of traffic jams on the access road and the impact on the efficiency of the terminal operations, Port Authority has implemented a new system (Portunus) for issuing daily licences for freight trucks. The new system, among other things, offers the following advantages:



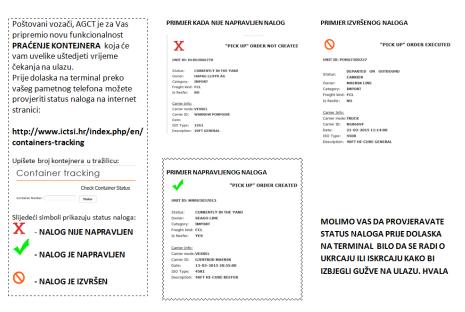
- Complete automation and digitalisation of issuing daily permits for trucks through the Web interface
- Entry with licence plate recognition system and QR code cameras
- Booking time of entry in two-hour period with the possibility of modification of the announced arrival
- Email/SMS Reporting to the user about the situation at the terminal entrance and eventual stop

The advantage of the application itself and the "tool" that the terminal has and can use is the regulation of the number of tickets purchased for a given period, in a way that in the peak hours the terminal reduces the number of possible tickets and regulates the influx of trucks to the terminal, in order to maintain the efficiency of terminal operations.

In addition to regulating the licenses purchased, the terminal also has the option to send notifications to all truckers, e.g. In situations of increased retention of trucks on the access road and in order to avoid the creation of traffic jam on the public road into the tunel.

5.1.2. CONTAINER TRACKING APPLICATION

In order to speed up the delivery, and reduce traffic jam, AGCT created container tracking application that serves drivers to check the status their pickup or dropoff orders for full containers prior to arrival at the terminal. Use of the application is described in the leaflet below.



Leaflet for container tracking application

5.1.3. GATE INSPECTION

Containers entering the terminal are required to undergo inspection due to possible damages and defects. Before inspection, and when the truck enters the terminal, it is necessary to check



that the truck trailer has the keys provided for the loading of containers. If the truck does not have the keys, the driver must not get the order to load the container.

When entering the terminal, the driver is forbidden from improperly stopping and retention on the access road (after the ramp). Any improper retention can be penalized by temporary suspension of the driver.

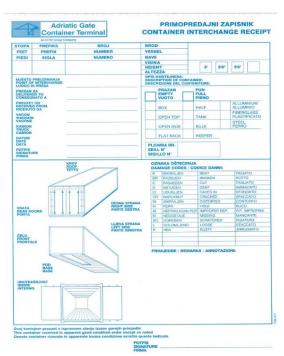
Container inspection

All full container must have appropriate seal. Full IMO containers must have IMO label(sticker) on container.

Empty containers must be clean inside and without any IMO labels. Containers entering the terminal need to be visually inspected for defects and damage.

Recording damages

If it is found that the recieval container is damaged or unclean, gate tally records issues in the handheld (HHT) and Container interchange receipt (CIR) is signed with both party's (gate tally and the truck driver). CIR is filed in, and the shipping line is informed by automated massage that the damaged container entered the terminal.



Container interchange receipt

Pre-advised units

Export containers have to be pre-advised using export bookings manually, through COPARN EDI messages or by forwarder using web application. Export containers that have not been pre-advised have to be sent at a designated area and held until that problem is resolved. Pre-advise should be create prior to the truck arrival at the gate.



PIN numbers

PIN numbers can be applied to import category units. Line operators have the ability to add PIN's. PIN numbers may also be assigned by COREOR EDI message. PIN numbers should be assigned by shipping lines prior to ingate transaction.

Receival order (DOE) and delivery order (PUI)

All full containers we receive from truck or rail must have a DOE created by forwarder and all containers that will be delivered by truck or rail must have a PUI created by forwarder.

After the delivery or receival, depending on customs status of the cargo, obligation of the principal is in next 5 days to insert a K417/K447 and the customs documentation number in the application "Online kreiranje naloga". If data is not entered in time, it may be updated by AGCT in the way that principal sends request in writing (e-mail navis@ictsi.hr), which is subjected to administrative costs.

5.2. TRUCK MANIPULATION PROCEDURES

There are several transaction types:

- Deliver import (full)
- Deliver Empty
- Receive export (full)
- Receive empty

5.2.1. PICKUP IMPORT (FULL)

In order to deliver an import container, the default customs and shipping line permission must be granted as well as pick up disposition created by forwarder prior to the trucker arriving at the gate.

Pre-gate

Prior to a trucker arriving at the ingate for delivery, shipping agents assign a PIN number to the container either through a COREOR EDI message or manual. The shipping agent provide that PIN number to a forwarder who creates delivery order (PUI) for each container through web interface.

In-gate

At the ingate, the drivers present their identification, the container number to be delivered and their assigned PIN number. Once the transaction is saved, a driver receives a truck instruction document (TID) and proceeds to the location at yard according to the ticket instructions.



CODECO EDI messages are sent to notify line operators about delivery.

Out-gate

At outgate, trucker presents his TID to the gate clerk. Once the transaction is saved succesfully, a driver signs a digital Equipment Interchange Receipt (EIR).

> ADRIATIC GATE CONTAINER TERMINAL Setaliste A. Kacica-Miosica 13, 51000 Rijeka P.P. Tel. +385 51 332 806, Fax +385 51 373 015 e-mail: info@ictsi.hr

POTVRDA O PREUZIMANJU POTVINIA O PREZIMIANUO Potvrdu izdao: gbrozovic Registracija kamiona: Ime vozaca: Vrijeme dolaska kamiona: 2012-11-05 13:29:10 Vrijeme odlaska kamiona: 2012-11-05 15:09:44

Vrsta tereta: PUN KONTEJNER (FCL) ISO: 45G0 || Težina (Kg): 18500,0 Tip transakcije: iskladištenje import kontejnera (Deliver Import) GENERALNI TERET

Kontejner: DFSU6845077 Brodar/vlasnik: MSC

Plomba:

Broj transakcije: 55967

t politica stranke OVA POTVRDA JE NEPRENOSIVA

Deliver Import EIS

5.2.2. PICKUP EMPTY

In order to deliver an empty unit from AGCT, the shipping agent is required to create a booking or Equipment Delivery Order (EDO) for the appropriate size, type, height of equipment in advance. Bookings in Navis can be created either through a COPARN EDI message or manualy via Navis by a shipping agent.

Pre-gate

Prior to visiting the terminal, booking needs to be created in Navis by COPARN EDI message or manually by shipping agent. Once the booking is created it is forwarded to the forwarder.

In-Gate

At the ingate, the driver presents his identification and booking number that was previously created by shipping agent. Once the transaction is saved, a driver receives a truck instruction document (TID) and proceeds to the location at yard according to the ticket instructions.

Out-gate

At outgate, trucker presents his TID to the gate clerk. Once the transaction is saved succesfully, a driver signs a digital Equipment Interchange Receipt (EIR).

CODECO EDI messages are sent to notify line operators about delivery.



5.2.3. RECEIVE EXPORT (FULL)

All receive export containers must be pre-advised in Navis and have valid receival order (DOE) created by freight forwarder.

Pre-gate

Prior to visiting the terminal gate, the following tasks should be performed related to receiving an export container:

- Booking needs to be created in Navis by COPARN EDI message or manually by shipping agent via N4
- Export unit needs to be pre-advised with COPARN EDI or manually via N4 by shipping line or by drop off disposition created by the forwarder
- When creating drop off export disposition forwarder has to insert declared VGM, in case there is no VGM, by confirming creation of DOE forwarder also creates service order for weighing

In-gate

At the ingate, container undergo the inspection for damages and the driver presents his identification and the container number to be received to the gate clerk. Once the transaction is saved, Driver gets the TID and proceeds to the location at the yard according to the ticket instructions. If no pre-advise or receival order, driver is advised to park by side so he can contact his freight forwarder and try to resolve the problem.

ADRIATIC GATE CONTAINER TERMINAL

INSTRUKCIJA ZA USKLADIŠTENJE Izdao listic: Registracija kamiona: lme vozaca: BAT broj: 19 Vrijeme: Nov 6, 2012 9:57 AM

Vrsta tereta: PUN KONTEJNER

ISO: 22G1 | Težina (Kg): 24145.0 Tip transakcije: Recieve Export

Kontejner: INBU3642791 Pozicija: S06B591

Broj transakcije: 56206 Recieve Export TID

Out-gate

Once the container is unloaded, the trucker proceeds to the outgate. When the transaction is saved succesfully, a driver signs a digital Equipment Interchange Receipt (EIR).



CODECO EDI messages are sent to notify line operators of receivals.

5.2.4. RECEIVE EMPTY

Pre-gate

At the ingate, tally clerk checks the container for possible damages and defects...

In-gate

At the ingate, driver presents his identification, container number to be received to the gate clerk. Once the transaction is saved, a driver receives a truck instruction document (TID) and proceeds to the location at yard according to the ticket instructions.

Out-gate

Once the container is dismounted, the trucker proceeds to the outgate. Once the transaction is saved successfully, a driver signs a digital Equipment Interchange Receipt (EIR).

CODECO EDI messages are sent to notify line operators of receivals.

5.3. ENTRY AND LOADING/UNLOADING OF TRUCKS AT THE TERMINAL OUTSIDE WORKING HOURS

In case of need and in exceptional situations, when trucks are received at the terminal outside regular working hours, the process of announcing, planning and servicing these trucks is as follows.

Manipulation approval

The freight forwarder must have approval from the terminal for special cases where he requests the acceptance of the trucks at the terminal outside office hours.

Announcement

The Freight Forwarder notifies the Operations Center in advance of the exceptional arrival of the truck (or multiple trucks) at the terminal, at least 24 hours in advance on weekdays in the third shift or on Saturdays, and 48 hours in advance on Sundays.

Given the current functionality of the Portunus application for the purchase of permits to enter the terminal, where it is not possible to buy a ticket for the truck to enter on Saturday afternoons, Sundays and weekdays between 22:30 and 06:30, the freight forwarder must obtain approval from the Port Authority Rijeka for unobstructed passage of the ramp and entrance to the terminal. The



terminal still needs a card/ticket number to process the truck, so the driver is obliged to buy a ticket for the next free day/slot and have its number/ID.

Customs

The freight forwarder is obliged to inform the customs about the planned shipment or delivery of the container.

Plan and coordination

The freight forwarder is obliged to plan and coordinate the time of arrival of the truck at the terminal in communication with the operations center.

In the case of a large number of trucks coming to the terminal, the freight forwarder, in communication with the carrier/drivers, coordinates the group arrival of the trucks at the terminal.

In addition to email, the contact number for coordination, logistics and operational manipulation is 051/614-712.

Terminal entry, truck loading/unloading and terminal exit

After the truck (s) pass the entrance ramp under the jurisdiction of the porth of authority, they arrive and stop at the gate in where they will receive an order to load/unload the container. With prior notice by the operations center (intermodal planner), the yard dispatcher places an employee at the entrance who will do the inspection, entry and exit. Registration of truck entrances, as well as EIR for exit, and in this situation it is done exclusively at the entry point which is GATE IN.

TID will be made by:

- 1. An employee who can perform the inspection and entry/exit of the truck at the gate in office if the person is available at the time.
- If there is no employee who knows how to do truck entry/exit, the employee from the
 operations will make an entry transaction and the dispatcher must ensure that at the time
 of creating and printing a TID or signing an EIR, someone will be at the entrance physically,
 able to deliver to the driver his printed TID order, or EIR signature device.

If a truck has containers to unload, it is necessary to inspect these containers. This will be done by an employee who will then be at the gate.

When the truck is loaded/unloaded, it returns to the gate where the employee will give to the driver a signature device (EIR). The transaction will be closed either directly by the gate employee or the emplyee in the operations center.

5.4. SPECIAL CARGO HANDLING (IB TO OB MOVE DIRECT)



This kind of cargo handling is especially used for dangerous cargo like weapons or explosives. By recieving inbound to outbound move direct we mean containers coming with trucks directly from the gate to the quay crane. These kind of equipment gets loaded on a vessel directly from trucks themselves. Such cases are always a matter of special agreement and must be pre-defined.

6. SERVICE ORDERS

Service orders are requests from the freight forwarders or the shipping lines for additional manipulation with their container. There are multiple types of orders and they involve:

- Standard container inspection (standard, fitosanitary and veterinary, sampling)
- Detailed container inspection (detailed and partial inspection)
- X-ray
- Stripping/Stuffing
- Extra move (seal check, defects inspection etc.)
- Service order for container washing
- Service order for taking fhotographs
- Fumigation
- Container weighing

6.1. SERVICE ORDER TYPES – TIME AND MANNER OF GIVING ORDERS

6.1.1. SERVICE ORDER FOR STANDARD INSPECTION

Obligation of the freight forwarder or shipping line is to give service order for customs inspection at least 4 hours before the time scheduled for the inspection. Service order for standard inspection can be changed by the creator at least 2 hours before the time scheduled for inspection. If shipping line or forwarder changes service order after deadline, all manipulations already performed (before and after the order changed) will be charged. Standard inspection must start at least 1 hour passed scheduled time. Otherwise AGCT can return container back to the yard and charge positioning and repositioning.

Service order for standard inspection is using for custom inspection and inspection on BIP station (Border Inspection Point). In case of BIP inspection, there must be remark "Veterinary inspection on BIP station" in case of veterinary inspection or "fitosanitary inspection on BIP station" in case of fitosanitary inspection. Service orders for BIP station forwarder is required to create a day in advance, but no later than 8 AM for the current day.

6.1.2. SERVICE ORDER FOR DETAILED CUSTOMS INSPECTION



Obligation of forwarder or shipping line is to give service order for detailed customs inspection (AGCT_INSPECTION_DETAILED) untill 10 am for the second shift, or untill 13:30 pm for the next day. Service order for detailed customs inspection creator can change until 11:00 am in the current day for the second shift, or until 20:00 for the first shift tomorrow. If forwarder or shipping line changes service order after deadline, all manipulations already performed (before and after the order changed) will be charged.

6.1.3. SERVICE ORDER FOR XRAY INSPECTION

Forwarder or shipping line gives service order for xray inspection in case when container is moved on AGCT transport. Creator does not give service order for xray inspection in case when it commes on forwarder's transport. Obligation of creator is to give service order for xray inspection at least 4 hours before the time scheduled for inspection.

6.1.4. SERVICE ORDER FOR STRIP/STUFF

Obligation of forwarder or shipping line is to give service order for strip/stuff at least untill 10am for the second shift or untill 13.30pm for the next day morning shift. Before creating service order forwarder must have signed NDU which contains details regarding stuffing/stripping. Service order for strip/stuff can be changed by the principal before 11am for the second shift, or till 20pm for the first shift next day, also principal has to inform the terminal by email about the change. If the creator changes service order after deadline, all manipulations already performed will be charged.

6.1.5. SERVICE ORDER FOR EXTRA MOVE

These orders are given for repositioning due to verification the seal number, checking reefer containers or other containers, repositioning due to temperature changes of reefer containers, container defects inspection, transferring containers from import to export, etc. Creator obligation is to create service order at least 4 hours before scheduled time of inspection. Forwarder or shipping line can change these orders at least 2 hours before the time scheduled for the beginning of the inspection.

6.1.6. SERVICE ORDER FOR CONTAINER WASHING

Shipping line is required to open the service order for washing container (AGCT_WASHING_40_TYPE1, AGCT_WASHING_20_TYPE1). Empty containers are issued under the principle of availability. If the shipping line wants to wash containers which are not available, it will induce shifters and accordingly extra move charged. When the service order is given, then we can order labor for washing.

6.1.7. SERVICE ORDER FOR TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS

AGCT is obliged to send CIR's to the shipping line without photographs.

Shipping line is required to create service order AGCT TAKING PHOTO

Shipping line is required to create service order AGCT_TAKING_PHOTOS in order to get the photoghraphs via email.



6.1.8. FUMIGATION

Prior to container planned for fumigation arrives at the terminal, forwarder has to inform the terminal by e-mail and when it arrives to the gate, driver has to inform a gate clerk that the container is for fumigation. Once the container is preadvised, forwarder can create an order for fumigation. (AGCT_FUMIGATION_20_F, AGCT_FUMIGATION_40_F, AGCT_FUMIGATION_45_F). AGCT shifts the container to the location for fumigation which is ordered by the principal from the 3rd party. Once a fumigation is completed, forwarder needs to sign a receipt and give us a seal that will be attached to the container.

If forwarder demands fumigation for inbound container, it is possible to plan the container to IMDG position with note "Container is set for fumigation". It requires preadvise or forwarders booking number in order for the OC to preadvise it, or the truck driver has to mention it on the gate. Service order can be created after container is gated in.

6.1.9. DAMAGE INSPECTION AND REPAIRS

Shipping line creates service order for DEPO_EXTRA_MOVE with note "damage inspection" or "repair" which is performed by the 3rd party. After inspection for any damages or repair, OPC receives information via e- mail, closes the order and records another DEPO_EXTRA_MOVE.

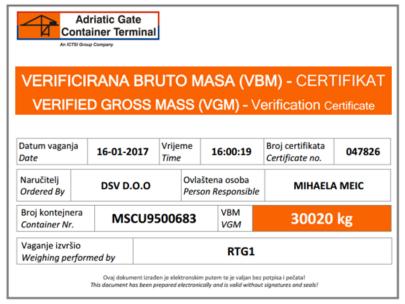
6.1.10. WEIGHING

All export full containers when loaded on vessel must have VGM. It can be Declared or Measured VGM. When creating a drop off disposition (DOE), forwarder can insert a Declared VGM and is responsible for it. Otherwise, if forwarder doesn't know VGM he is obliged to choose "weighing on the terminal". In this case, container is weighed on the terminal and weigh is automatically recorded in Navis as Measured VGM.

If the shipping line/forwarder wants to weigh a container already has a VGM he will create separetly a service order for weighing

Weighing certificate forwarder can see or print through AGCT web application. Forwarder/shipping line can asks for stamped verified certificate but first need to send an e-mail request to navis@ictsi.hr. Verification of the document is charged.





Weighing certificate

6.2. CHANGING THE ORDER

In case when the container is positioned according to the service order, and creator decides to change order or to cancel order in time, it is necessary to create new service order and OC cancels the first service order with explanation in notes. In case when the container is positioned, and creator decides to change or cancel order pass scheduled time, positioning and repositioning will be charged.

6.3. RECORDING MANIPULATIONS WITHOUT SERVICE ORDER

There are some manipulations for which, due to nature of the job, is not practical always create a service order. Such manipulations are recorded directly. These are:

Extra move

Extra move for loading/discharging of the containers stopped on the gate out because of incomplete documentation, over weight, damaged container, etc. Extra move must be backed up with signed certificate with reason of rejecting specified on it.

Depo extra move rejected

Depo extra move rejected is related to rejection of empty containers for loading on truck or rail by the driver/forwarder. Depo extra move rejected must be backed up by signed certificate.

Shut out



Shut out is recorded when the container is on the final loading list but fo some reason it is not loaded or when the container is subsequently added for loading.

Late Gate

Late gate is recorded in case of late arrival (after cut off time) for containers announced and loaded on vessel. If the container is announced as late gate, but did not arrive at the terminal, late gate and shut out are recorded.

Renomination fee

For all export containers that change a vessel or port of discharge after they are received, renomination fee is recorded

Administration fee

Assistance in change of weight, cargo quantity, seal, MRN would be charged as administration fee. It can be changed on forwarder/agent request. All changes are recorded in excel table and when needed, forwarded to finance/commercial department.

6.4. BIP RIJEKA WORK PROCEDURES FOR SHIPMENTS THAT HAVE TO BE INSPECTED BY VETERINARY/PHYTOSANITARY INSPECTION

- Shipping line agents send following to the border inspection post/GVP (BIP) Rijeka via e-mail to BIP.Rijeka@mps.hr:
 - The ship's manifest,
 - A list of the container in which the goods subject to veterinary inspection
- The person responsible for the shipment (forwarders or importers) preadvise shipments at least 24 hours before arrival of the vessel and only in the TRACES system (creating the first part CVEDP form that must be filled with all the information stated in the veterinary certificate issued for the shipment (in the section 9. Date of arrival ETA Ri)
- After discharging of all containers that are subject to a veterinary inspection, border veterinary inspection (GVI) blocks the same with activation of the "hold" to NAVIS system.
- Shipments are under the control of the concessionaire Adriatic Gate Container Terminal Inc., which is responsible for monitoring temperature regimes and reporting irregularities to the shipping agents if the shipment is under temperature regime. Agct also ensure delivery of containers on GVP (BIP) at the request of GVI (i.e. trashipment after 21 days, etc.), with a service order from agent or freight forwarders.
- Even if the document has a "Release" or not, the person responsible for the shipment (shipping) can apply for inspection of shipments to CVEDP form (print from the TRACES system) with which enclose the necessary documentation. Service orders are given no later than 15:00 hours for the following working day.
- List of containers for which application has been given for a review, shall be submitted to the concessionaire and "hold" will be deactivated..



- Forwarders who submitted the request, either for import or transit, give the order (service order for shipments intended for import into the EU for delivery, for opening and review on the BIP-in, and for transit to see the seals) to concessionaire AGCT.
- Concessionaire AGCT also provides extraordinary delivery of containers to GVP / BIP ondemand of GVI (i.e.trashipment after 21 days, etc.), with a previous order (service order) from agent or freight forwarders.
- After the arrival of the container to GVP/BIP begins the veterinary inspection of items per prescribed procedures. Seals are replaced by new ones, which are entered in the TRACES system, and are printed. New seals are entered manually and in the form "RELEASE" or "Disposition (DIZ) ammount of eventually collected samples is written.
- Upon completion of the inspection, the border veterinary inspector GVP Rijeka makes a
 decision on how to proceed with the shipment which is recorded on CVEDP form in
 triplicate, which verifies with the signature and official stamp. Two copies goes to the
 forwarder, and one is stored at GVP Rijeka.
- Customs Service ensures that the shipments that are subject to veterinary-health examination can not leave the terminal without the presented certified CVEDP which must specify the number of the seal GVP and the MRN number of transit shipments.

7. SPECIAL CARGO ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE

7.1. BREAK BULK AND OUT OF GAUGE CARGO

- AGCT terminal can accept all OOG and BBK cargo that with dimensions, weights, available lifting points and type of manipulation (lo-lo or ro-ro) fit in our capabilities
- AGCT capabilities are defined with appropriate lifting tool, as well as quay cranes, reachstackers, trucks and trailers or forklifts working load limit (WLL)
- Samsung crane WLL under spreader is 40,8 tons and 50 tons in the "twin lift" while WLL under hook is 51 tons. Capacity of tractor trailer is 55 tons and Reachstacker up to 45 tons
- ZPMC crane WLL under spreader is 51 tons as well as in the "twin lift", and 61 tons under hook
- All BBK and OOG cargo should be announced with a detailed description (pictures and drawings) and lifting places, weight, dimensions and method of delivery
- Based on the above, we make decision on ability or inability to manipulate with the offered cargo
- For the discharge of BBK cargo from the vessel and the proper way of handling, we use a surveyor report from port of loading

7.2. DANGEROUS (IMO) CARGO

- All operations with IMO class on the AGCT are determined by the ordinance on handling hazardous substances
- On the AGCT, all IMO class handling procedures are agreed between the shipping line and HSSE (health and safety service)



- AGCT has a precisely defined area for storage and method of stacking containers containing dangerous goods, ie separating the containers by IMO classes as prescribed by the regulations. AGCT has ensured this area with fire fighting equipment and monitoring
- Before unloading/receiving the containers with dangerous goods, shipping line will inform AGCT through internal operating system (Navis) and ensure labeling of containers with labels showing the IMO class of the cargo stored in the container
- When loading/unloading containers with dangerous cargo, AGCT shall inform the duty officer of the Port Authority for the date and time of operations
- Port Authority, vessel and AGCT representative fill safety check list for handling dangerous materials and only afterwards is given approval for the operations or is refused if the regulations have been violated
- HSSE office ensures the presence of firefighters
- AGCT can manipulate the class 2,3,4,5,8,9 while IMO class 1 and 7, must be performed only in the direct manipulation
- Port Authority determines on which working surfaces, objects, and quay's can be handled IMO class

8. WAREHOUSE (CFS)

8.1. ANNOUNCEMENT OF WAREHOUSE MANIPULATION

In order to to be able to organize CFS manipulation, forwarder has to make a contakct with AGCT Commercial department. Commercial department, in cooperation with operations, approves or refuse the manipulation and in case terminal is able to perform a manipulation, it offers the price and conditions. Once an offer is accepted, forwarder deliveres NDU to commercial/accounting department via email warehouse@ictsi.hr for verification, based on which, terminal plans additional labour and equipment to perform manipulation. After verification of NDU, forwarder advises manipulation:

- Via email on address <u>warehouse@ictsi.hr</u>
- Opening service order in Navis. Without service order manipulation and positioning cannot be performed
- Forwarder is obligated to create disposition/order, depending on manipulation, in order to be able to be recorded in the system

In case the goods has to be delivered from warehouse to the truck or vise versa, just NDU needs to be submitted, based on which terminal plans additional workers and equipment.

Additional work can be ordered:

- Up to 10 hours working day for the work in the second shift
- Up to 13:30 hours working day for the next day in first shift



řítelj i prezime esa fon																
253							Tarifni broj								Broj NDU	
fon							Ponuda broj									
fon							Datum								Datum	
							Smjena								NDU	
il							Naziv robe									
Broj ko	ntejnera IMO DA/I	D OOG NE DA/NE	Skladišna kartica	Detum uskl./iskledištenje	Manipulacija	Broj koleta (komada)	Oznaka pakiranja	Težina (kg)	Volumen (m3)	Smještoj tereta	Prethodni dokumen	Ocerinjen o DA/NE	Carinski status	Br.cerinskog dokumente	Reg. oznaka iti broj karniona /vagona	Datur izvršen
													¥			
			N.	APOMENA										POTPIS I PEČAT NAR	UČITELIA	

Order for additional work (NDU)

8.2. DIRECT MANIPULATION

Direct manipulation involves stripping the container directly onto the truck or stuffing the container directly from the truck.

8.2.1. CONTAINER STRIPPING (CONTAINER – VEHICLE)

For the container stripping, meaning manipulation of goods from the container to the truck, freight forwarder has to submit an order (NDU) with the selected manipulation CONTAINER-VEHICLE (K-V). After accepting the NDU (stripping of the container) by AGCT, the freight forwarder should create service order "unit strip" in Navis, along with the pick up disposition (PUI). In order for a freight forwarder to give a PUI, container has to be released, i.e. PIN in Navis inserted by the shipping line. The freight forwarder is required to inform the customs about stripping of the container and to register the goods with all the related documents. After stripping of the container, the freight forwarder is obliged to present the pickup disposition (PUI) together with the order (NDU) to the Customs which, depending on the customs status of the goods, will write down the control number, which the freight forwarder is required to submit to AGCT using the web interface.

8.2.2. CONTAINER STUFFING (TRUCK – CONTAINER)

For container stuffing, meaning loading goods from the vehicle to the container, freight forwarder must submit an order (NDU) with the selected VEHICLE-CONTAINER (V-K) manipulation. Upon accepting NDU (container stuffing) by AGCT, freight forwarder is required to create service order for unit stuff along with dropoff disposition (DOE). In order for the forwarder to create DOE, it must have a booking assigned by the shipping line. The freight forwarder is



required to inform the customs about stuffing of the container and to register the goods with all the related documents. After the stuffing of the container, Freight forwarder is required to create disposition drop off export (DOE) and together with the order (NDU) present it to the Customs which, depending on the customs status of the goods, will write down the control number which the freight forwarder is required to submit to AGCT using the web interface.

8.3. INDIRECT MANIPULATION

Indirect manipulation means any manipulation of the goods through warehouse which can be storage of goods from a container or vehicle to a warehouse as well as dispatch of goods from a warehouse to a container or on a vehicle.

8.3.1. GOODS ENTERING WAREHOUSE (CONTAINER / VEHICLE - WAREHOUSE)

For warehousing purposes, freight forwarder has to submit an order (NDU) with the corresponding manipulation (K-S or V-S). Upon acceptance of the NDU by AGCT, and in the case of container stripping, the forwarder is required to create a service order "unit strip" and pick up disposition (PUI). When storing goods from a vehicle, the NDU is sufficient for planning work.

For some commodity (e.g. coffee), it is necessary to weigh the goods and issue a weighing certificate signed by the warehouse supervisor. The certificate of storage of goods is then printed and signed by the warehouse organiser and forwarder.

8.3.2. DISPATCH OF GOODS FROM WAREHOUSE (WAREHOUSE – VEHICLE/ CONTAINER)

For dispatch purposes, freight forwarder has to submit an order (NDU) with the corresponding manipulation (S-V ili S-K). Upon acceptance of the NDU by AGCT, and in the case of delivering goods for container stuffing, forwarder just as in case of direct manipulation is required to create service order "unit stuff" and drop off disposition (DOE). When goods exit the warehouse on a truck, the NDU is sufficient for planning work.

NDU must contain all the data related to the goods including storage card, label of goods, weight, quantity required, container number, vehicle number etc.

For some commodity (e.g. coffee), weighing must be performed and a weighing certificate has to be signed by the warehouse supervisor. The dispatch receipt of goods is then printed and signed by the warehouse supervisor and forwarder.

9. SAFETY AND BEHAVIOUR RULES

The Objective of AGCT Team is to execute all terminal operations in a controlled manner and up to high quality standards with care for the wellbeing, helth, saftey and security of all employees, taken into account the employees of our:

- Customers
- Suppliers



- Subcontractors
- Partners
- Co-contractors and other parties involved.

9.1. SMOKING POLICY

All workplaces such as offices, workshops, warehouses, garages, vehicles, cranes, site sheds, quays etc. are non smoking. Smoking is prohibited for all employees except in designated smoking areas witch are market around the terminal. The smoking ban within AGCT applies to all employees as well to all persons entering the terminal such as visitors, suppliers, customers, subcontractors or service providers.

9.2. DRUGS AND ALCOHOL

The use of Alcohol, illegal drugs and the misuse of prescriptive drugs is prohibited on AGCT. This policy applies to all AGCT employees as well as Customers, Suppliers, Subcontractors, Partners, Co-contractors and other parties involved in terminal operation. The company utilizes a system of random testing for alcohol and illegal drugs.

9.3. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Following Personal Protective Equipment is to be worn while working or moving around AGCT:



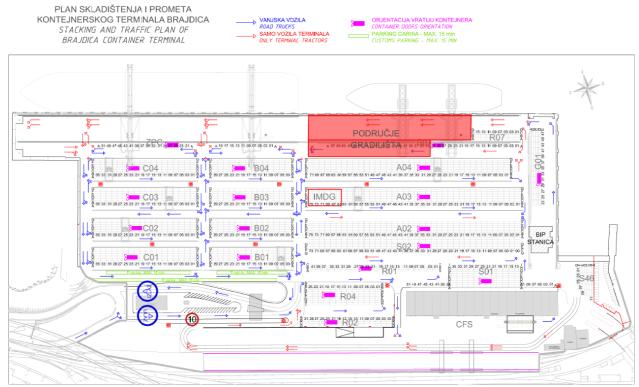
9.4. FILMING ON THE TERMINAL



Photography and filming is not permitted without prior approval of the AGCT.

9.5. AGCT SCHEME AND TRAFFIC FLOW

Speed limit in AGCT terminal is 10 km/h.



Movement direction on the terminal

10. AGCT OPERATIONS CONTACTS

Domain	E-mail	Phone		
Operations superintendant	planners@ictsi.hr	+385 51 614 711		
Vessel operations	planners@ictsi.hr	+385 51 614 713 +385 51 496-115		
Yard and intermodal	rail@ictsi.hr	+385 51 614 712		



Documentation and administration havis@ictsi.hr +385 51 614 714 +385 51 614 701



11. PORT CARD



CROATIA, RIJEKA

An ICTSI Group Company

ADRIATIC GATE CONTAINER TERMINAL

		4.1.2018					
Г		BERTH 1	BERTH 2				
l		feeder	MVS/feeder				
1.	Name of terminal	ADRIATIC GATE CON	NTAINER TERMINAL				
2.	Abbreviation / code	HRRJK					
3.	Maximum depth in the channel	Depths above 40m					
4.	Maximum air draft permissible above high water level	Unlin	nited				
5.	Length of the berth	300m	328m				
6.	Maximum permitted vessel length	260m	367m				
7.	Maximum draft at the berth	10,7m	B=42,8m -> 14,21m* + tide				
ı			B=45,6m -> 14,18m* + tide				
ı			B=48,4m -> 14,16m* + tide				
ı			B=51,2m -> 14,13m* + tide				
Г	*when at maximum draft vessel must keep be	low 1º list at all times while b	erthed				
8.	Tidal range	0,60m	0,60m				
9.	Operating length at maximum draft	220m	278m				
10.	Vessel's side alongside	Portside	Portside				
11.	Number of cranes at berth.	2 x Panamax	2 x Post Panamax				
12.	Outreach of Cranes / Meters & number of	38m	50m				
ı	rows	13 rows	18 rows				
13.	SWL of cranes under spreader	40,8mt (50mt in twin lift)	51 mt (51 mt in twin lift)				
14.	SWL of cranes under hook	51mt	61mt				
15.	Number of cranes fit for twin lift ops	2	2				
	Minimum number of 20' bays between 2 gantries	4	4				
	Any restrictions on nbr of tiers that can be worked on deck	4	6				
	Maximum height of spreader from water level at low water	34m (31+3)	39m (36+3)				
	Over height limit (under spreader) for 20' units and 40' units	4m	4m				
20.	Longitudinal clearance between the legs of the gantries	15m	18,3m				
21.	Maximum cargo width	5m	5m				
22.	Limitation in haz cargo that can be stowed at the terminal	Warehouse for hazardous ma 2,3,4,5,6,8 & 9 Class 1 and manipulated only in o	7 hazardous material to be				
23.	Reefer plugs available at the terminal	212 p	•				



12. ABBREVIATION LIST

OC - OPERATIONS CENTER

OP – OPERATIONS PLANNER

VP – VESSEL PLANNER

CFS- CONTAINER FREIGHT STATION

CIC - COMMON INTERCHANGE CRITERIA

ETA – ESTIMATED TIME OF ARRIVAL

ETC - ESTIMATED TIME OF COMPLETION

EDI – EDIFACT MESSAGE

TOS – TERMINAL OPERATING SYSTEM

CSO – CONTAINER SHIP OWNER

EIS – EQUIPMENT INTERCHANGE STATEMENT

HHT - HANDHELD DEVICE

CIR - CONTAINER INTERCHANGE RECEIPT

IMO – INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (USED FOR HAZARDOUS CARGO)

VMT – VEHICLE MOUNTED

CHE - CONTAINER HANDLING EQUIPMENT

TID - TRUCK INSTRUCTION DOCUMENT

ISO - INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ORGANIZATION

EC – EQUIPMENT CONTROL

OOG - OUT OF GAUGE

POW - POINT OF WORK

EDI – EDIFACT MESSAGE

NDU - ORDER FOR ADDITIONAL WORK

DOE - DROP OFF EXPORT

PUI - PICK UP IMPORT

WLL - WORKING LOAD LIMIT